

SLICES

Super Infrastructure for Large-Scale Experimental Computer Science

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http://slices-ri.eu

Convergence of Computation and Communication



Motivation

- Exponential improvement of
 - Electronics (energy consumption, size, cost)
 - Capacity of networks (WAN, wireless, new technologies)
- Exponential growth of applications near users
 - Smartphones, tablets, connected devices, sensors, ...
 - Large variety of applications and large community
- · Large number of Cloud facilities to cope with generated data
 - Many platforms and infrastructures available around the world
 - Several offers for laaS, PaaS, and SaaS platforms
 - Public, private, community, and hybrid clouds
 - Going toward distributed Clouds (Fog, Edge, extreme Edge)









Digital Environment



The Discipline of Computing: An Experimental Science

The reality of computer science

- Information
- Computers, networks, algorithms, programs, etc.

Studied objects are more and more complex

• Hardware, Systems, Networks, Programs, Protocols, Data, Algorithms, ...

Experimental Validation: A good alternative to analytical validation

- Provides a comparison between algorithms and programs
- Provides a validation of the model or helps to define the validity domain of the model

Several methodologies

- Simulation (SimGrid, NS, ...)
- Emulation (MicroGrid, Distem, ...)
- Benchmarking (NAS, SPEC, LINPACK,)
- Real-scale (Grid'5000, FIT, FED4Fire, Chameleon, OpenCirrus, PlanetLab, ...)



Good Experiments

A good experiment should fulfill the following properties

- **Reproducibility**: *must* give the same result with the same input
- Extensibility: *must* target possible comparisons with other works and extensions (more/other processors, larger data sets, different architectures)
- Applicability: *must* define realistic parameters and *must* allow for an easy calibration
- "Revisability": when an implementation does not perform as expected, must help to identify the reasons



https://www.acm.org/publications/policies/artifact-review-and-badging-current

Experimental testbeds



Need of specific platforms to experiment

- To monitor how programs behave and not only of the results they produce
- To (dynamically) change the execution environment (up to generate real faults)
- Tier 0,1,2 only enable to execute « *safe* » programs

Currently in production

- Grid'5000
- FIT

Next generation

- European level: SLICES
- French level: SLICES-FR (was SILECS)
 - On the feuille de route nationale des Infrastructures de recherche since 2018
 - https://www.enseignementsup-recherche.gouv.fr/pid25366/accesthematique.html?theme=317&subtheme=318

GRID'5000

Testbed for research on distributed systems

- Born in 2003 from the observation that we need a better and larger testbed
- HPC, Grids, P2P, and now Cloud computing, and BigData systems
- A complete access to the nodes' hardware in an exclusive mode (from one node to the whole infrastructure)
- Dedicated network (RENATER)
- Reconfigurable: nodes with Kadeploy and network with KaVLAN

Current status

- 8 sites, 38 clusters, 763 nodes, 15852 CPU cores, 335 GPU
 - Memory: ~100 TiB RAM + 6.0 TiB PMEM
 - Storage: 1.42 PB (1515 SSDs and 953 HDDs on nodes)
 - 617.0 TFLOPS (excluding GPUs)
- Diverse technologies/resources (Intel, AMD, Myrinet, Infiniband, two GPU clusters, energy probes)

Some Experiments examples

- In Situ analytics
- Big Data Management
- HPC Programming approaches
- Network modeling and simulation
- Energy consumption evaluation
- Batch scheduler optimization
- Large virtual machines deployments





https://www.grid5000.fr/

FIT

Providing Internet players access to a variety of fixed and mobile technologies and services, thus accelerating the design of advanced technologies for the Future Internet



 FIT-R2Lab: WiFi mesh testbed (DIANA)









FIT-CorteXlab: Cognitive Radio Testbed 40 Software Defined Radio Nodes (SOCRATE)



Lille





https://www.iot-lab.info/hardware/



FIT-IoT-LAB

- 2700 wireless sensor nodes spread across six different sites in France
- Nodes are either fixed or mobile and can be allocated in various topologies throughout all sites

https://fit-equipex.fr/

SLICES



Fully Controllable and Programmable Digital Infrastructure Test Platform



Controllable, Programmable, Monitorable Element

www.slices-ri.eu

SLICES in a nutshell

SLICES aims to support

- the academic and industrial research community that will design, develop • and deploy the **Next Generation** of **Digital Infrastructures**
- large-scale, experimental research focused on •
 - networking protocols •
 - radio technologies •
 - Services ٠
 - data collection •
 - parallel and distributed computing •
 - cloud and edge-based computing architectures and services. •





what we offer

JCAD - 2022, Oct 10

SLICES – ESFRI Project since 2021

25 Participants from 15 countries

- Belgium
- Cyprus
- Finland
- France (leader)
- Germany
- Greece
- Hungary
- Italy
- Luxembourg
- The Netherlands
- Norway
- Poland
- Spain
- Sweden
- Switzerland



In cooperation with GIANT and national NRENs Strong integration into the EOSC ecosystem





Lifecycle of an ESFRI Research Infrastructure = slices RI



SLICES - 13

SLICES-PP's overall objective

The overall objective of SLICES-PP is to tackle all key questions concerning legal, financial and technical issues leading to the establishment of the new SLICES research infrastructure and ensuring commitment of Member States/Associated Countries to its long-term operation and use in all fields of science.

SLICES-PP: Consortium



SLICES-PP: Methodology



SLICES: A Distributed Research Infrastructure = slices RI



GIS SLICES-FR: Building the French node of SLICES

Goal of this GIS

- Coordinate the French participation and contribution to SLICES
- Operate the French node of SLICES-RI

16 potential members

- Inria, CNRS, Institut Mines Télécom, Sorbonne Université, Université Fédérale de Toulouse Midi Pyrénées, Université Grenoble Alpes, Université de Lorraine, Université de Strasbourg, Université de Lille, ENS Lyon, INSA Lyon, EURECOM, RENATER, CEA, Nantes Université, Université de Rennes
- 3 types of membership
 - Core member, associated member, hosting member



A unified platform

Platforms enabling new service incubation



Services de bout en bout de la transmission de la donnée

Mesure de consommation de ressource holistique

Traitement local vs traitement central

Reconfiguration à la volée

Personnalisation des communications

Reprogrammation dynamique cœur de réseau

Compatibilités

DL/ML/FL/SL distribué le long de la chaîne

Un ensemble de nouveaux services sur toute la chaîne de la donnée.

Aspects clouds :

• HPC

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- Storage
- Calcul distribué
- Allocation de ressources

 Reconfiguration dynamique du réseau

Aussi bien globaux que très ciblés





Aspects sans fil

- Routage
- MAC
- Services sur couche physique
- Coexistence
- Massive MIMO
- Node-G reconfigurable
- WuR
- VLC
- RIM
- GW reconfigurable

Aussi bien globaux que très ciblés

ΙοΤ EDGE Cloud 5G/6G/etc Aspects edge :

- Federated learning
- Allocation de ressources
- Déploiement dynamique

Et MEC

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- Auto-deploiement de ressources mobiles
- Prédiction de trajectoires et mobilité

Aussi bien globaux que très ciblés

SLICES-FR: Current Status

Governance

- Current: Partners choosing their membership status
- Next step: Start the writing of the GIS between core members

Architect committee

- Currently: analyzing how to build the French node
 - Overall constraints
 - Envisioned hardware and services
 - Strategy for user management
 - Strategy for semi-permanent services (such as cloud and other high level services)

User Committee

- Being set up
- Next step: call for inputs to the community

Conclusions

- **SLICES-RI**: ESFRI Research infrastructure for experimental computer science and future services in Europe
- **SLICES-FR**: Research infrastructure in France based on two existing instruments (FIT and Grid'5000)
- Challenges
 - Enable experiments mixing both kinds of resources while keeping reproducibility level high
 - Keep the existing infrastructures up while designing and deploying the new one
- Keep the aim of previous platforms (their core scientific issues addressed)
 - Scalability issues, energy management, ...
 - IoT, wireless networks, future Internet
 - HPC, big data, clouds, virtualization, deep learning, ...

Address new challenges

- IoT and Clouds
- New generation Cloud platforms and software stacks (Edge, FOG)
- Data streaming applications
- Big data management and analysis from sensors to the (distributed) cloud
- Mobility
- 5G/6G
- Next generation wireless
- ..

Next steps

- SLICES-PP: establishment of the new SLICES research infrastructure
- SLICES-FR: establishment of the GIS